# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET POURGHAZIAN CRACK PAINT

**HMIS** - Health -2

**HMIS -** Fire - 3

**HMIS** - Reactivity -0

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME:	Pourghazian` crack paint
PRODUCT CODE:	9005,1034,3013,9005,6004,5022,2002,8016,1026
	,3004,2005,9022,1036,2013,8029,1000
MANUFACTURER	Ranghe Tarake Tazene Asia
ADDRESS	No.23, Sheida Alley, Sindokht Street, Fatemi
	Street, Tehran, IRAN
INQUIRY PHONE	+982188638001 - +77272629195
NUMBER	
EMERGENCY PHONE	+989123241482 - +77011016966
NUMBER:	
DATE PREPARED MSDS	1. 2015
VERSION:	2 pourghazian

# 2. COMPOSITION / HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT	CAS NUMBER	WT%
Toluene	108-88-3	20 - 25
Acetone	67-64-1	1 - 1.5
Isopropanol	67-63-0	5 - 10
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	0 - 5
Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	20 - 25
pigment	Proprietary	0 - 5
Nitro cellulose solution	Proprietary	30 - 40

## 3. HAZARDS

1	EYE CONTACT:	May cause eye irritation.
2	SKIN CONTACT:	May cause slight skin irritation. May be absorbed

		through the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact may	
		cause an allergic skin reaction.	
3	INHALATION	Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory	
		tract irritation.	
4	INGESTION:	May be harmful if swallowed. May cause vomiting.	
5	CHRONIC HEALTH	Caution before use.	
	EFFECTS:		
6	SIGNS / SYMPTOMS:	Overexposure may cause headaches and dizziness.	
7	TARGET ORGANS:	No information regarding target organs was found.	
8	PRE-EXISTING	No information regarding pre-existing conditions was	
	CONDITIONS:	found.	

# 4. **FIRST AID**

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1	EYE	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get
	CONTACT	medical attention if symptoms of overexposure or irritation
		persists.
2	SKIN	Run a gentle stream of water over the affected area for 15 minutes.
	CONTACT	
3	INHALATION	Remove person from area of spill to a location with fresh air.
4	INGESTION	Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water. Never
		give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Contact a
		poison control center, emergency room or physician right away as
		further treatment may be necessary.

# 5. **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

1	FLASH POINT:	41 ° F
2	EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide, Foam, Water spray for large fires.
3	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and clothing.
4	SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:	None
5	UNUSUAL FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARDS:	None
6	NFPA®	HMIS-Health-2 HMIS-Fire-3

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# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

1	PERSONNEL PRECAUTIONS:	Use personal protective equipment.
2	ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:	Provide ventilation. Clean up spills immediately and observe precautions related to protective equipment.
3	SPILL CLEANUP MEASURES:	Avoid runoff into ditches, storm sewers and other waterways.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

1	HANDLING	Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved
		containers with complete and appropriate labeling.
2	STORAGE	Store in a cool dry well ventilated area. Keep away from heat and
		flame.
3	HYGIENE	Avoid or minimize skin contact and inhalation.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

1	ENGINEERING CONTROLS:	The level of protection and types of controls
		necessary will vary depending upon potential
		exposure conditions. Select controls based on a
		risk assessment of local circumstances
2	EYE / FACE PROTECTION:	Wear splash goggles on face to protect eyes.
3	SKIN PROTECTION:	Wear butyl rubber gloves, protective clothing
		and chemical resistant boots.
4	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	Select respiratory protection equipment suitable
		for the specific conditions of use and meeting
		relevant legislation. Check with respiratory
		protective equipment suppliers.
5	OTHER PROTECTIONS:	Facilities that store or utilize this material should
		be equipped with an eyewash facility and a
		safety shower.
6	PEL (OSHA) / TLV (ACGIH):	Toluene (108-88-3)
		PEL (OSHA): 200 ppm (TWA) TLV (ACGIH):
		20 ppm (TWA)
		Acetone (67-64-1)
		PEL (OSHA): 750 ppm (TWA), 1000 ppm
		(STEL) TLV (ACGIH): 500 ppm (TWA), 750
		ppm (STEL)

Isopropanol (67-63-0) PEL (OSHA): 400 ppm (TWA) TLV (ACGIH): 200 ppm (TWA), 400 ppm (STEL)
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6) PEL (OSHA): 400 ppm (TWA) TLV (ACGIH): 400 ppm (TWA)
Butyl Acetate (123-86-4) PEL (OSHA): 150 ppm (TWA) TLV (ACGIH): 150 ppm (TWA); 200 ppm (STEL)
NITROCELLULOSE MIX2 AQUEOUS ISOPROPANOL: OSHA PEL 400 ppm

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

1	PHYSICAL APPEARANCE:	Paste
2	COLOR	Different
3	FLASH POINT:	41°F or 5 c
4	BOILING RANGE:	176 - 482 °F or 80 – 250 c
5	DENSITY:	7.6 - 8.0 lbs/gal
6	MATERIAL VOC (as supplied):	5.6 lbs/gal 670 g/l
7	COATING VOC (EPA Method 24):	5.6 lbs/gal 670 g/l

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

1	CHEMICAL STABILITY:	The risk for chemical reactivity is low to
		none.
2	HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	Hazardous polymerization will not
		occur.
3	MATERIALS TO AVOID:	None
4	DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	carbon monoxide; carbon dioxide
	(FIRE):	

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toluene (108-88-3)	LD50 (oral rat ): 930 mg/kg
	LC50 (inhalation rat ): 9980 ppm (8 hr)
Acetone (67-64-1)	LD50 (oral rat ): 5,800 mg/kg
	LC50 (inhalation rat): 50,100 mg/m3 (8 hr)
Isopropanol (67-63-0)	LD50 (oral rat ): 5,045 mg/kg
	LC50 (inhalation rat ): 16,000 ppm (8 hr)
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)	LD50 (oral rat ): 5,620 mg/kg
	LC50 (inhalation rat): 19,596 ppm (4 hr)

Butyl Acetate (123-86-4)	LD50 (oral rat ): 10,768 mg/kg
	LC50 (inhalation rat ): 390 ppm (4 hr)
LD50 of a 5% NITROCELLULOSE AQUEOUS will >5000 mg/kg	

### 12. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT UN Number	UN 1263
DOT Hazard Class:	Class 3 : Packing Group II
DOT Description/Name:	Name: Paint or Paint Related Material

### 13. **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**TSCA CERTIFICATION: SARA 313** 

### 14. **OTHER INFORMATIONS**

### **HMIS Key**

- 4 = Severe Hazard
- 3 = Serious Hazard
- 2 = Moderate Hazard
- 1 = Slight Hazard
- 0 = Minimal Hazard

#### **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene (http://www.acgih.org) OSHA - U.S. Occupational Health and Safety Administration (http://www.osha.gov) IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer (http://www.iarc.fr) NTP - National Toxicology Program (http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov)

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (http://www.cdc.gov/niosh)

PEL -

Permissable

Exposure

Limit TLV -

Threshold

Limit Value

TWA - Time Weighted Average

(over 8 hour period) STEL -

Short Term Exposure Limit

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